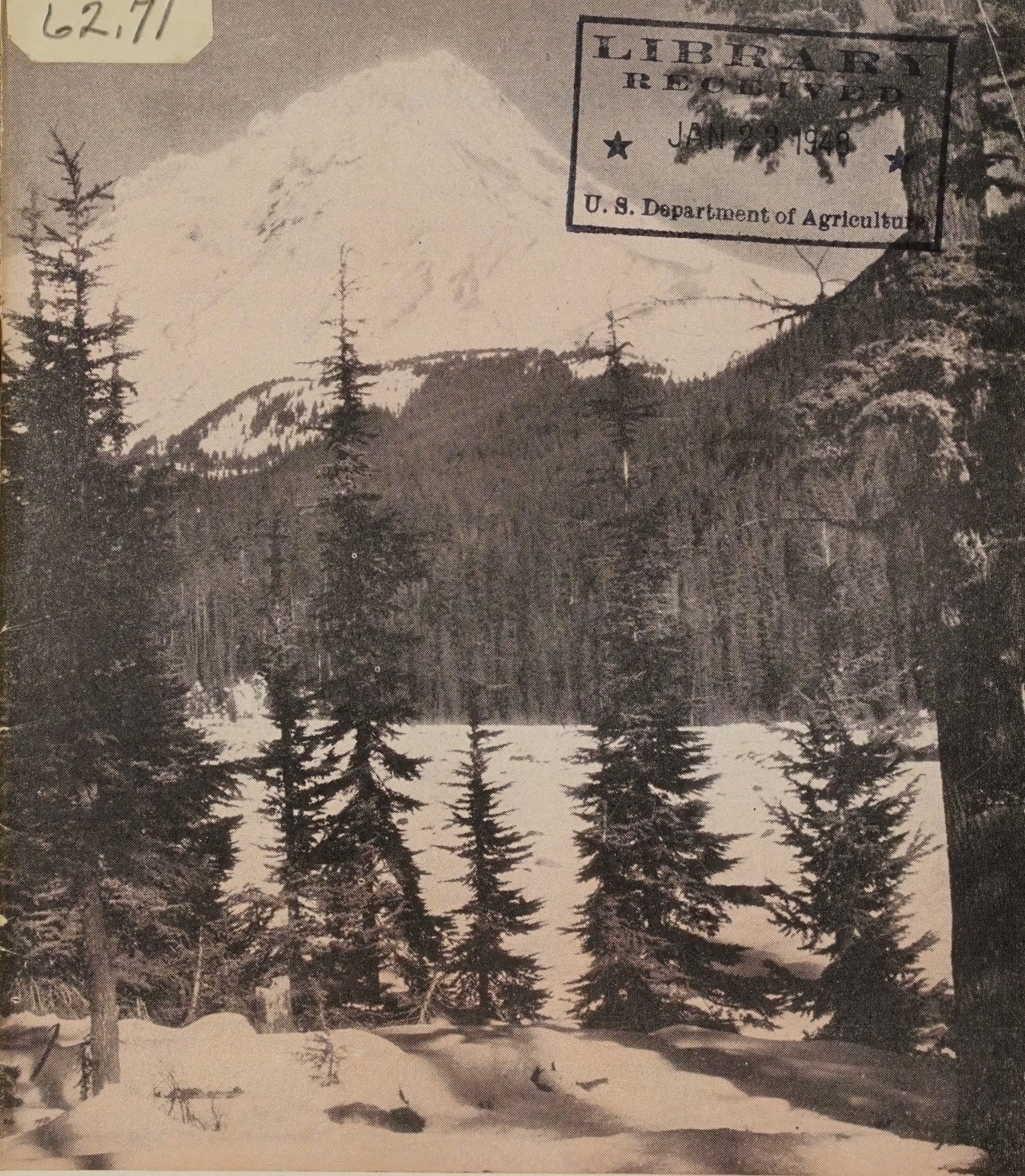
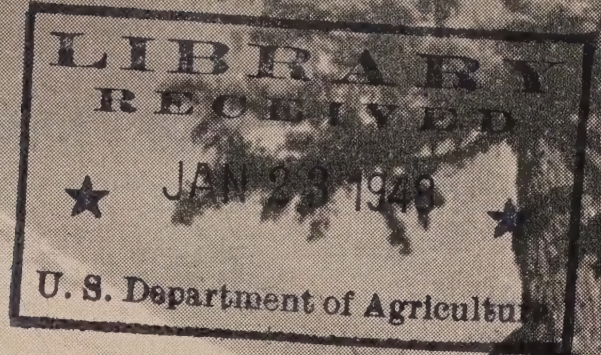


Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

62.71



MT. HOOD FROM WHITE RIVER

PHOTO — BY SAWYERS, INC.

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO.

Evergreens - PROPAGATORS AND GROWERS
WHOLESALE

SPRING 1948
FALL 1947

TELEPHONES:
LANCASTER 6653 — VENICE 8533
141 S. E. 65TH AVENUE
PORTLAND 16, OREGON

TERMS AND INFORMATION

THE SHERWOOD NURSERY CO. are leading propagators and growers of conifers and broad leaved evergreens. Plants can be shipped from our nursery from about October 1, throughout the fall, winter and spring to about April 1.

TERMS:

Our terms are **NET CASH**. Note carefully the following conditions.

1. We **PAY SHIPPING COSTS** on lining out stock to all points in the United States, Canada and Alaska. Lining out stock for this purpose is defined as any stock not listed as B&B, specimen, or BR.
2. At least **ONE-FOURTH** of the purchase price must accompany all lining out orders. Balance C.O.D. Payment in full in advance required on all B&B and BR shipments.
3. The prices quoted are **NET CASH PRICES** but five per cent discount will be deducted from the list price of all lining out stock when delivery is made at our nursery.

Prices on our B&B stock are F.O.B. our Portland Nursery, at Southeast 73rd Avenue and East Burnside Street.

POSITIVELY NO ORDER for lining out stock will be accepted for less than 25 plants of the same size and variety.

Prices quoted in the 10, 100, or 1000 lots apply to **ONE SIZE** and **ONE VARIETY** only.

We reserve the right to substitute grades when necessary and the difference is not too great.

Five plants of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate.

B&B signifies balled and burlapped. BR signifies Bare Roots.

4. The prices quoted herein will hold only throughout the coming nursery year.

PACKING:

No packing charge is made.

Many small balled grades can be shipped safely, packed BR (Bare Roots) in moss thereby cutting down shipping costs. Where this can be done we have so indicated.

Our method of packing insures the arrival of plants in perfect condition at any place in the United States, Canada and Alaska.

RESPONSIBILITY:

All the stock offered by this Company is grown out of doors and in their own fields with the greatest care and packed in like manner. **WE MAKE NO GUARANTEE**, either expressed or implied, that the plants will grow or give specific results. **ALL SHIPMENTS ARE MADE AT THE RISK OF PURCHASER AFTER BEING DELIVERED TO THE CARRIER IN GOOD CONDITION.** We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should frost, storm, crop failure or other cause result in injury or destruction of stock, or in inability to deliver.

SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY

141 S. E. 65th Ave., Portland 16, Oregon

TO REACH PROPAGATING NURSERY:

Drive east on East Burnside Street to Southeast 73rd Avenue.

Nursery is reached in a fifteen minute drive from the center of city.

General Nursery is located at Sandy, Oregon.

Sherwood Nursery Company pays all shipping costs on lining out stock to all points in the United States, Canada and Alaska. We pay all packing costs. Our terms are net cash. At least one-fourth of the purchase price must accompany all orders, balance C.O.D. Payment in full in advance required on all B&B and BR shipments.

— GENERAL LIST —

Including Conifers and Broad Leaved Evergreens, Deciduous Shrubs and Rock Plants.

Abelia (Edward Goucher)

A choice upright abelia similar to grandiflora but with foliage of richer coloring especially in the fall when it takes on a lovely bronze cast. The abundant flowers, which cover this hardy evergreen all summer and fall, are deep pink shading to a soft lavender and mingle in perfection with the full fine foliage. Height 5 to 6 feet.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 96
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.55	5.00
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.65	5.90
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.75	6.80	61

Abelia grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)

Foliage glossy green, flowers white with pink blush. A beautiful, hardy evergreen. Splendid for foundation and mass plantings. Blooms all summer and is an attractive shrub both in flower and foliage. After the flowers have fallen the persistent purplish sepals are still attractive.

8-18 inches once transplanted.....	12	96
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Abelia grandiflora sherwoodi (Sherwood Dwarf Abelia)

A dwarf abelia, not only the plant but the leaves and the flowers as well being about half the size of grandiflora. Flowers pink and white, same as grandiflora. Thick-branching and very compact. A choice little plant, especially where space is a factor, supplying a long felt need. Originated by us and has proven a great favorite.

6-12 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
12-18 " " " ".....	12	96
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.55	5.00
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.65	5.90
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.75	6.80
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00	81
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.20	101
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	2.25	20.30

Abies balsamea (Balsam Fir)

A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has fairly dense foliage of aromatic properties and believed by some to possess medicinal value. Needles are short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	12	96
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Abies magnifica shastensis (Shasta Red Fir)

A stately, symmetrical, bluish green tree of great beauty. Native of the mountains of southern Oregon and northern California where it decorates many a high slope or ridge. Branches horizontal in regular whorls. Needles mostly upright, short, close set.

	Each	10	100	1000
8-12 inches twice transplanted BR specimens.....	\$.40	\$ 3.60	\$	\$
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.65	5.90
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.80	7.20
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00

Abies nobilis (Noble Fir)

The name noble describes this magnificent tree perfectly. A native of the Coast and Cascade mountains of western Washington and Oregon where its dignified appearance is set out in striking effect. The branches grow in whorls with great regularity along the main stem of the tree and are broadly spreading toward the tips. The foliage is usually a beautiful bluish green in color. It is valuable for landscaping purposes and the best of all for the production of Christmas trees. Very hardy.

6-12 inches not transplanted.....	11	88
12-18 " " " ".....	14	112
18-24 " " " ".....	18	144

Ajuga reptans rubra (Purpleleaf Bugle)

A worthy rock plant and ground cover. Has a rich green, slightly bronzed foliage, which is heavy and cleaves close to the ground. The blue flower spikes are 6 inches tall, are numerous and appear in the spring. There is the impression of pleasing and perfect harmony between blossoms and foliage. Evergreen.

1 year plants.....	6	48
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Arborvitae—See Thuja, Thujopsis**Arbutus unedo** (Strawberry Tree)

A spreading shrub with rich evergreen foliage. Has many charming, pearl white, bell shaped flowers followed in the fall by brilliant red strawberry like fruits. Does well in sun or partial shade and is drought resistant.

5- 6 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	6.50	58.50
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Arctostaphylos patula (Greenleaf Manzanita)

An irregularly branched, yet nicely rounded and shapely broad leaved evergreen. Height 4 to 5 feet. Needs little pruning as the natural growth gives the impression of tailored shrub. The bark of the stems is smooth, rich brown and mahogany in color. The leaves are about 1 inch in diameter, almost perfectly round, and have a delightful appearance of freshness summer and winter. Is most impressive when it grows in masses, as it grows on the slopes of the Oregon mountains where it is native. Leaves retain their refreshing verdant greenness under exceedingly dry and trying conditions. Here is a shrub of great beauty, and one which survives great extremes of heat, cold and drought without injury.

15-18 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.75	6.80	61
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.90	8.10	73
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	1.10	9.90	89
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.30	11.70	105

Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (Kinnikinnick)

Sometimes called Bearberry. Uva, Latin for grape, ursi for bear. A lovely low trailing evergreen, flourishing in a wide range of latitude and altitude. In Oregon it is at home from the splash of the waves of the Pacific to timberline in the Cascade mountains. Withstands almost any degree of cold. Has large red berries, roundish glossy leaves and grows in thick masses, completely covering the ground, rocks, walls or old logs over which it trails. Exempt from pests, good the year round and in every respect decidedly pleasing and satisfying. Considered by some to be the best ground cover known.

	Each	10	100	1000
2- 6 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80

Aucuba japonica (Greenleaf Aucuba) (Pollenizers)

Male plants. Aucubas never bear berries unless pollenizers are planted with them. The large red berries are one of the attractive features of Aucubas and it is therefore essential to plant the pollenizers. The foliage is fine solid deep green. Shade loving evergreen.

4- 5 feet three times transplanted (Heavy).....B&B	3.75	33.80
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Aucuba japonica nana (Dwarf Aucuba) (Female)

This is a dwarf form with lustrous green leaves and a profusion of bright scarlet berries borne in clusters making a combination of surpassing beauty. Appeals to everyone. Hardy at Ogden, Utah. Comparatively new and rare, but certain to find a place in many gardens. Like the other Aucubas, it is dioecious and the male plants must be planted with the females to produce fruit. Shade loving evergreen.

10-12 inches twice transplanted.....	15	120
9-12 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.60	5.40	49
12-15 " " ".....B&B	.80	7.20	65
15-18 " " ".....B&B	.90	8.10	73
18-24 " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.20	101

The 9-12 and 12-15 inch grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

30-36 inches three times transplanted (Heavy)....B&B	3.25	29.30
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AZALEAS**Azalea amoena coccinea**

A splendid dwarf evergreen azalea. Foliage dark, glossy, compact. Flowers bright red completely covering the plant. A wonderful addition to our broad leaf evergreens. It is similar to the hinodegiri crimson azalea but very much hardier.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
4- 8 " " ".....	12	96
8-12 " " ".....	16	128

Azalea hinodegiri (Crimson Azalea from Cuttings)

Dwarf, very compact, evergreen azalea. Heavy glossy foliage, hardy in western Oregon. When in bloom the plant is completely covered with bright red flowers, so that the foliage is hidden. One of the most showy and one of the most popular dwarf ornamental shrubs.

1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	9	72
2- 4 " " ".....	12	96
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	1.50	13.50	122
15-18 " " ".....B&B	2.50	22.50	203

Azalea kaempferi (Torch Azalea)

This wonderful, hardy, almost evergreen azalea grows dense and spreading attaining a height of 4 to 5 feet. It has pleasing glossy foliage and in the spring is a gorgeous mass of flame red bloom.

		Each	10	100	1000
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	\$ 1.25	\$11.20	\$	\$
15-18 " " "	B&B	2.25	20.30
18-24 " " "	B&B	3.25	29.30	263

Azalea macrantha

Compact, low growing with dark evergreen foliage. A very profuse blossomer. Late season blooming. Flowers red salmon.

1- 4 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
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Azalea maxwelli (Maxwell Azalea)

Foliage heavy and luxuriant. Plant rather low growing and spreading. Flowers extremely large, carmine red, completely covering the plant. One of the finest of all azaleas. Maxwell Azalea, because of its superb habit of growth, splendid foliage and gorgeous display of blooms, undoubtedly ranks in a class by itself among lovely evergreens.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
4- 8 " " "	12	96
8-12 " " "	16	128

Azalea sherwoodi (Sherwood Orchid Azalea)

This is a hybrid hinodegiri and our own introduction. We have been growing it for several years in our nursery where it has attracted much attention. Foliage about the size and gloss of the Hinodegiri Crimson Azalea but the plant is hardier. Flowers are a clear lavender with speckled throat, completely cover the plant and are large for a dwarf azalea.. This evergreen fills a need which has not been met by any other azalea. Although showy it harmonizes with other colors in the garden. Mass plantings in gardens or on slopes and terraces are unexcelled.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
4- 8 " " "	12	96
8-12 " " "	16	128
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	1.50	13.50
15-18 " " "	B&B	2.50	22.50	203
18-24 " " "	B&B	3.50	31.50	284

Barberry—See Berberis

Bearberry—See Arctostaphylos

Beargrass—See Xerophyllum

Berberis darwini (Darwin Barberry)

A native of South America from Chili to Patagonia. Evergreen, reaching a height of about 3 feet. Foliage is deep green, glossy, and compact, and the small, neat leaves are serrated and holly-like. In early spring the plant is a gorgeous mass of tiny, bright, orange-colored flowers. Very decorative.

8-12 inches not transplanted.....	12	96
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.65	5.90
15-18 " " "	B&B	.75	6.80
18-24 " " "	B&B	1.00	9.00
24-30 " " "	B&B	1.25	11.20
30-36 " " "	B&B	1.50	13.50	122

Berberis verruculosa

Height 3 to 4 feet. One of the new introductions from Western China. The small glossy leaves form a mass of dark evergreen foliage, which turns to a gorgeous red in colder climates. Flowers golden yellow. Flourishes in heat or cold, and is one of the hardiest and best of barberries.

	Each	10	100	1000
2- 6 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80

Bonyberry—See *Osteomeles*

Broom—See *Cytisus*, *Genista*

Bugle—See Ajuga

CALLUNA (HEATHERS)

See also Erica

Calluna vulgaris alba (White Scotch Heather)

Similar to Red Heather but with white blooms. Foliage is dark green and the blossoms are of snowy whiteness. Grows to a height of 18 inches and is very hardy. Like the other varieties of calluna is a mid summer bloomer. Calluna, Greek, to sweep.

18-24 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.75	6.80	61
24-30 " " "	B&B	.90	8.10	73

Calluna vulgaris nana (Moss Heather)

A dainty little dwarf of moss like appearance growing about 4 inches tall. It is of exceeding close, compact growth with refreshing green foliage and delicate lavender blossoms in mid-summer. On account of its mossy luster it fits perfectly into rockeries, stream and pool borders, close-proximity to fountains, garden steps and walks and into most situations where neatness and delicacy are sought. One of the loveliest evergreens it is our privilege to grow. Rare and very hardy.

1- 3 inches once transplanted.....	8	64
3- 6 " " ""	12	96

Calluna vulgaris pygmaea

Dwarf evergreen heather, attaining a height of 8 inches. Foliage dark green, very compact and dainty. Lavender flowers in mid-summer. Gem for rockeries and borders.

9-12 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.60	5.40	49
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The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

Calluna vulgaris—Mixed

A miscellaneous collection of mixed varieties unnamed.

24-30 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.90	8.10	73
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Camellia japonica (Cheerful)

Camellia in commemoration of George J. Karmel or Camellus, a Jesuit who traveled in Asia in the 17th century. The camellia holds a place right up in the front ranks among flowering trees. The superb, waxy rose like flowers are loved by everyone, are fine when on the tree or as cut flowers. Leaves are large, of intense, waxy glossy surface and make just the right setting for the wax like flowers which are splendid, double, perfectly shaped and bright red. A favorite.

	Each	10	100	1000
4- 8 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 16	\$ 128
8-12 " " " "	22	176
12-16 " " " "	28	224
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	1.00	9.00	81
15-18 " " " " "	B&B 1.50	13.50	122
18-24 " " " " "	B&B 2.00	18.00	162
24-30 " " " " "	B&B 2.50	22.50	203
30-36 " " " " "	B&B 3.00	27.00	243
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	3.50	31.50	284

Castanopsis sempervirens (Bush Chinquapin)

One of Oregon's wonderful native evergreens seldom offered to the trade. Unlike the tall growing form, Bush Chinquapin usually grows only 5 to 6 feet high in a spreading, much branched shrub. A plant 4 feet high will usually spread 4 to 6 feet. A stout medium sized evergreen of surpassing merit. It grows in its native state at 2000 to 4000 feet elevation but is at home at sea level. In our mountains it sometimes covers dry open slopes where only the hardiest plants can survive the summer's heat and winter's cold. Is also found in open woods with partial shade. Foliage very dense. Leaves dark green above, russet beneath. Flowers in white clusters followed by chestnut like fruits. Bush Chinquapin is a fine foundation shrub, also good for hedges and borders. It is unexcelled for large banks and terraces. A fine addition to the trade.

4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	11	88
6-12 " " " "	15	120

Ceanothus velutinus (Mt. Balm, Sticky Laurel)

A very hardy broad leaf evergreen, attaining a height of about 6 feet and a spread of 12 feet. Has bright green, medium size leaves which possess a strong aromatic odor. Thrives in dry rocky soil and in hot or cold exposures. Has terminal clusters of soft white blossoms.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.65	5.90
15-18 " " " "	B&B .75	6.80
18-24 " " " "	B&B .90	8.10

Cedar—See Libocedrus

CHAMAECYPARIS**Chamaecyparis lawsoniana** (Lawson Cypress)

A conifer of most satisfying effect, both in stately habit of growth, dense limbs and graceful foliage. Not hardy in areas of extreme cold, but fortunate, indeed, are localities which can grow this handsome tree. It is fine when grown in somewhat open or well spaced rows, and is equally good when grown as single specimens, needing no supporting plantings to enhance its beauty. Native of the Oregon coast.

2- 3 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	1.20	10.80
3- 4 " " " "	B&B 1.80	16.20

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana cerula

One of the fine Lawson variations, of which there are several. Slender and upright, the branches all growing vertical and very close to the trunk of the tree. As slender as a Pyramidal Arborvitae or Irish Juniper and needs little pruning. As indicated by the name, the foliage is of a deep sky blue or azure in color. The columnar form of the alumi cypress and very desirable where slender trees are needed.

	Each	10	100	1000
4- 8 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 96

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta aurea (Gold Column Cypress)

Beautiful golden form of the Green Column Cypress which it is like in all ways except color. An extremely golden evergreen the year round. The golden color is most pronounced during the winter months. Rare.

4-10 inches once transplanted.....	11	88
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Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta glauca (Blue Column Cypress) (Alumi)

A cone shaped cypress erect in growth and with vertical foliage of turquoise blue. It is a valuable help in landscape plantings and for that reason is always a popular tree.

6-10 inches once transplanted.....	12	96
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Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta viridis (Green Column Cypress)

A pyramid of living green which will add life and freshness to any planting. A striking conifer with dense vertical foliage.

6-10 inches once transplanted.....	12	96
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Chamaecyparis lawsoniana fletcheri (Fletcher Cypress)

A narrow pyramid in form, very neat and tidy. Compact in growth with full soft appearing foliage of blue-green color effect. On account of its erect, close habit of growth it is especially well adapted to small homes and grounds where space must be conserved. It is a tree that is pleasing in every detail.

4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
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Chamaecyparis lawsoniana globosa (Sherwood Globe Cypress)

This conifer has much the same green dense, pendulous foliage of the ordinary Lawson Cypress. The difference is in the shape which is a very broad pyramid or giant globe, decidedly unusual. A rapid grower which stands almost any amount of pruning and so lends itself well to home grounds and hedges. The great beauty of the tree, however, is seen when it is allowed to develop into a specimen.

18-24 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	1.25	11.20	101
24-30 " " " " ".....	B&B	1.50	13.50	122
30-36 " " " " ".....	B&B	1.75	15.80	142
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	2.00	18.00	162

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana lutea (Golden Lawson Cypress)

Dense golden cypress. The foliage is very heavy, while the tree itself is a broad symmetrical pyramid, branching close to the ground. A trim, handsome ornamental, giving the impression of an individual well dressed and groomed, and with the minimum amount of attention. Golden color throughout the year. Resembles Westermann Cypress. Height 12 to 15 feet or more.

18-24 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	1.50	13.50
30-36 " " " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana stewarti (Wintergolden Cypress)

Rather slender golden tree. Foliage erect with pendulous tips toward the top of the tree. One of the most remarkable and most admired of conifers, always attracting attention. Stately in habit, with green and gold foliage of most effective contrast. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80
15-18 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.90	8.10	73
18-24 " " " " ".....B&B	1.20	10.80	97
2- 3 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	1.60	14.40	130
3- 4 " " " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170
4- 5 " " " " ".....B&B	2.60	23.40

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana triomphe de boskoop (Triomphe de Boskoop Cypress)

In color this magnificent tree occupies much the same place in the cypress group that Koster Blue Spruce does in the spruces. Of graceful form and the foliage has a strikingly silvery-blue sheen that makes it outstanding among trees. A rapid grower and perfectly hardy in this climate.

6- 7 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	12.00	108.00
7- 8 " " " " ".....B&B	14.00	126.00
8- 9 " " " " ".....B&B	16.00	144.00
9-10 " " " " ".....B&B	18.00	162.00
10-12 " " " " ".....B&B	20.00	180.00

The above grades are fine extra heavy specimens.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana westermanni (Westerman Cypress)

Foliage pendulous and heavy, velvety golden color the year around. One of the most graceful and aristocratic of the Lawsons. It is rapid growing, wide spreading and fits to the ground in a most charming manner. Enjoys the sun. Rare.

6- 7 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	12.00	108.00
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The above trees are fine extra heavy specimens.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana wisseli (Wissel Cypress)

Has a dark bluish green foliage, growing in twisted tufts or whorls and of upright growth. One of the many beautiful forms of the Lawson Cypress.

6- 7 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	6.50	58.50
7- 8 " " " " ".....B&B	7.50	67.50
8- 9 " " " " ".....B&B	8.50	76.50

Chamaecyparis obtusa aurea (Golden Hinoki Cypress)

The magnificent golden form of the Hinoki Cypress, having heavy, rich, deep golden foliage, lustrous and exceptionally pleasing, without a superior in these respects. It is graceful and semi dwarf.

4- 5 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	8.00	72.00
5- 6 " " " " ".....B&B	10.00	90.00
6- 7 " " " " ".....B&B	12.00	108.00

The above three grades are composed of extra heavy specimens.

Chamaecyparis obtusa crippei (Cripps Hinoki Cypress)

A very conspicuous and golden type of Hinoki Cypress, attaining a height of 6 to 8 feet. Has fern-like foliage, grows slowly and flourishes best in partial shade.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	1.00	9.00
15-18 " " " " ".....B&B	1.35	12.20
18-24 " " " " ".....B&B	1.75	15.80

Cryptomeria japonica elegans compacta (Compact Plume Cryptomeria)

A green globe shaped tree, of unusually compact growth and soft, pleasing effect. Unlike elegans, it is more of a dwarf, about 5 feet in height. It is symmetrical and dense with little or no pruning. Bronzes slightly in the fall. Garden variety of japonica elegans, a most delightful garden ornamental.

		Each	10	100	1000
18-24 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	\$ 1.40	\$12.60	\$	\$
24-30 " " " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90

Cryptomeria japonica lobbi (Lobb Cryptomeria)

An upright shapely dwarf conifer growing to a few feet in height. Branchlets densely clothed with heavy dark green foliage. Hardy and rare. Trees 15 years old are only 4 feet high. Very attractive.

2- 6 inches once transplanted.....				12	96
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	1.25	11.20
15-18 " " " " ".....	B&B	1.50	13.50
18-24 " " " " ".....	B&B	1.75	15.80

Cryptomeria japonica nana (Dwarf Cryptomeria)

Light green, hardy, very compact globe, extremely dwarf. Fifteen year old trees are only 3 feet in height. Rare.

2- 6 inches once transplanted.....				12	96
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Cunninghamia lanceolata (Chinese Fir)

A native of China. The needles grow in two rows along the stem, are lance shaped, flat, very pointed and attain a length of 1½ to 2½ inches. The foliage is green and bronze and the glossiest of any conifer with which we are familiar. An irregular pyramid, an aristocrat. Especially good for large plantings. Hardy.

4- 6 inches not transplanted.....				10	80
6-12 " " " " ".....				12	96
12-18 " " " " ".....				15	120

Cupressus arizonica (Arizona Cypress)

A tree of slender upright habit of growth which thrives in poor soil and under adverse conditions. Foliage is of silvery gray appearance, good for contrast effects.

2- 3 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	1.20	10.80
3- 4 " " " " ".....	B&B	1.80	16.20
4- 5 " " " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90

Cypress—See Chamaecyparis, Cupressus

CYTISUS (BROOMS)

See also Genista

Cytisus multiflorus (White Spanish Broom)

Shrub to 6 feet with slender, erect branches. Flowers are white with slight blush. Blossoms in May and June.

6 feet four times transplanted.....	B&B	3.25	29.30
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These are fine extra heavy specimens.

These plants are fine extra heavy specimens.

Flowers are large, clear, creamy white in color and well distributed along the branches. Plant is of rather symmetrical growth, strong and vigorous. For purity of color St. Marys stands alone. Hardy. Height 6 feet.

	Each	10	100	1000
6 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	\$ 3.00	\$27.00	\$	\$

Elaeagnus pungens maculata (Goldenleaf Elaeagnus)

A delightful large growing evergreen shrub or small tree. The broad leaves are an intense gold with a green margin on the upper surface, russet beneath. The general effect is bright gold. A very shapely rounded shrub of great appeal. Hardy and rare.

2- 6 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
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See also *Calluna*

The red carnea. Grows 6 inches high with a spread of 2 to 3 feet. Foliage thick dark green, flowers bright red and completely cover the plant when in bloom in the spring. New introduction from England. One of the showiest and one of the prettiest of dwarf heaths.

6- 9 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.45	4.10	36	-----
9-12 " " ".....	B&B	.60	5.40	49	-----

The above two grades are composed of fine, heavily budded specimens. If you desire either of these two grades lifted with considerable soil clinging to the roots but not B&B, deduct 10 cents per plant. They move excellently in this manner.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.75	6.80	61
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Low growing heath with brilliantly green foliage. Blooms very profusely in late winter and spring. Flowers bright carmine red. Perfectly hardy. Splendid new evergreen. Height 6 inches. Has the habit of rooting along the stems thereby spreading almost indefinitely in a very satisfactory manner. An extraordinarily beautiful gem in rockeries, around pool margins and in borders. A superb ground cover. Delightfully fresh in appearance the year round.

6-9 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.45	4.10	36	-----
9-12 " " ".....	B&B	.60	5.40	49	-----

The above two grades are composed of fine, heavily budded specimens. If you desire either of these two grades lifted with considerable soil clinging to the roots but not B&B, deduct 10 cents per plant. They move excellently in this manner.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.75	6.80	61
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This is one of the most attractive and desirable plants grown in our nursery. It is hardy and dwarf, seldom reaching more than 1 foot in height. It has beautiful, dense, dark green foliage, and from early winter to late spring is covered with such a profusion of lovely purplish blossoms that the foliage is practically obscured. It is not unusual to see this brave little plant blossoming through the snow. Being a winter bloomer, hardy, equally good for rockeries, borders, groups and masses, it should be included in every planting.

3- 8 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
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Erica mediterranea maxima

An upright heather to 4 or 5 feet. Vigorous grower with fine, very dense dark green foliage and producing a wealth of lovely purple tinted flowers. In general characteristics it might be thought of as a tall erect form of Darley Heath. Fits well into average plantings. Hardy. Blooms through the spring season. A gorgeous plant in bloom and always attractive in foliage. Rare.

	Each	10	100	1000
10-15 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 13	\$ 104
3- 4 feet twice transplanted, heavy.....B&B	2.25	20.30

Escallonia langleyensis (Langley Escallonia)

A shrub that is fragrant both in flower and foliage. Leaves are bright, glossy green, small and delicate. Flowers are reddish pink and well fitted in form and color to the foliage making a pleasing combination. Grows to a height of 5 or 6 feet with long, slender, pendulous branches. Hardy evergreen.

12-24 inches once transplanted.....	12	96
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EUONYMUS**Euonymus japonicus medio-pictus** (Yelloweye Euonymus)

Hardy evergreen shrub 5 to 6 feet. Upright growing. Leaves are variegated, medium size and glossy with green edges and having a bright golden spot or eye in the center that is attractive. Comparatively rare and possessing fine ornamental qualities.

8-12 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.50	4.50
12-15 " " ".....	B&B	.60	5.40	49
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	.75	6.80	61
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	1.00	9.00

Euonymus japonicus microphyllus (Boxleaf Euonymus)

A dense, glossy leaved evergreen growing into a perfectly formed 2 foot globe. Small, box-like foliage as indicated in the name. Works well into formal plantings. Dwarf, hardy, and very rare.

6- 9 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.50	4.50
9-12 " " ".....	B&B	.65	5.90

Euonymus radicans (Wintercreeper)

Low procumbent shrub. May be trailing and rooting or climbing branches, sometimes reaching a height of several feet. The rich green foliage is carried all winter. It is at its best when planted against a wall or building where it will climb for several feet and grow in decorative beauty year by year. It belongs to a class of very worthy shrubs. Hardy evergreen. Beautiful in rockeries or when hanging over walls. A very superior ground cover.

12-24 inches twice transplanted.....	16	128
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Euonymus radicans argenteo marginatus (Silveredge Wintercreeper)

A variegated, low, procumbent shrub with often trailing and rooting or climbing branches. Very dense foliage, which presents a light appearance in summer, and a cheerful and particularly pleasing one, when in the winter season the variegation of the dainty leaves takes on charming tints of red and pink when flowers are scarce in the garden and a touch of color is welcome. Dwarf and hardy. Height about 18 inches but will mass up against a wall to a height of 6 feet or more in old specimens.

6- 9 inches twice transplanted BR specimens.....	2.70	24
9-12 " " " " ".....	3.60	32
12-15 " " " " ".....B&B	.60	5.40

The above B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

Hedera helix arborescens (Bush English Ivy)

A broad leaved evergreen, with every appearance of ivy in bush form, but often having the ivy-like leaves twisted and contorted in an interesting manner. Does well in sun or shade. Reaches a height of 2½ feet and spread of 4 feet. Very hardy and desirable.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 96
12-16 " " " "	16	128
8-12 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.60	5.40
12-15 " " " "70	6.30

Hedera helix conglomerata (Bunchleaf English Ivy)

Low growing. Leaves crowded, contorted and small, giving a pleasing massed effect, as the plant lies flat upon the ground. Foliage deep dense green. An interesting plant, which attracts much attention and one which makes a dense, compact ground cover. Very hardy.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	9	72
4- 8 " " " "	12	96

Hemlock—See Tsuga

Holly—See Ilex

Hollygrape—See Mahonia

Ilex pernyi (Perny Holly)

Semi-dwarf, heavily foliated, broad leaved evergreen. Leaves are very prickly. Bears red berries in profusion. Hardy. Native of central China.

12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	1.00	9.00
15-18 " " " "	B&B	1.25	11.20
18-24 " " " "	B&B	1.50	13.50
24-30 " " " "	B&B	1.75	15.80	142
30-36 " " " "	B&B	1.90	17.10	154
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	2.10	18.90

Ivy—See Hedera

JUNIPERUS (JUNIPERS)**Juniperus chinensis femina (sylvestris)** (Reeve's Juniper)

A loosely branched tree, tips slightly nodding. Foliage bright green, completely covering the branches, in fact so dense that the branches appear to be moss laden. Contrast between adult and juvenile foliage is very delightful. A wonderful hardy tree.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.90	8.10
15-18 " " " "	B&B	1.15	10.40
3- 4 feet four times transplanted (heavy).....B&B	6.00	54.00

This well known juniper can scarcely be excelled for terrace and mass planting. Upright training gives it a very individual habit of growth and greater range of landscape uses. It is hardy and a rapid, vigorous grower and thrives under adverse conditions of soil and climate. It has a fine green foliage, which with a little pruning forms a dense mass. Broadly spreading, reaching in older trees a diameter of 20 to 25 feet. Probably the most universal favorite of all junipers of its type. We regret not having small B&B sizes. Try substituting *Juniperus contorta*.

	Each	10	100
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These standards are Pfitzer Junipers which have been staked upright. They are uniformly about 6 feet high and have been sheared to 15 inches in diameter all the way up to the crowns which spread like umbrellas to 3 or 4 feet in diameter. Unique and attractive. It takes years to train Pfitzers like these. They are dense, shapely beauties. Nothing in our nursery attracts more attention than these magnificent specimens.

A very hardy prostrate form with rigid horizontal branches. Foliage rather coarse and prickly, bright green all seasons of the year. Juvenile and adult foliage is intermingled in heavy mats along the stems.

Juniperus chinensis procumbens albo-variegata (White Variegated Creeping Juniper)

A variegated form of the above with white splashes and tips intermingled with the green.

Juniperus chinensis procumbens aureo-variegata (Gold Variegated Creeping Juniper)

Same as the above but with golden splashes and tips. Much could be said for these fine junipers.

Juniperus contorta

A remarkably fine semi-prostrate juniper. Stout branches reach out usually horizontally, though some ascend slightly and turn or twist in a very interesting manner. Dark green foliage thickly clothes the branches throughout the year and is almost indistinguishable from that of Koster Redcedar. Much slower growing than either Koster Redcedar or Pfitzer Juniper. Aged specimens are 3 to 4 feet high and 6 to 8 feet in diameter and present a fascinating irregular appearance. Splendid for terrace and mass plantings. Very hardy and rare. We are not certain of the name.

24-30 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	1.85	16.70	150
30-36 " " "	B&B	2.25	20.30	182

Juniperus horizontalis (Bar Harbor Blue Creeping Juniper)

Procumbent, with trailing, spreading branches well filled with foliage, forming a compact mat in mature plants. Foliage is charming steel-blue the year round, almost cypress-like in texture somewhat resembling the Waukegan Juniper. Native Nova Scotia to British Columbia and south to New York. Very Hardy. Valuable as a ground cover in exposed situations and in sandy and rocky soil, combining as it does delightful qualities of color, foliage, habit of growth and hardiness.

Each	10	100
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of growth and hardiness.		Each	10	100	1000
15-18 inches	twice transplanted.....B&B	\$ 1.25	\$11.20	\$ 101	\$
18-24 "	" " ".....B&B	1.50	13.50	122
24-30 "	" " ".....B&B	1.75	15.80	142

Juniperus horizontalis glanca (Blue Creeping Juniper)

Very similar to the Bar Harbor Blue with steel blue foliage throughout the year and more cypress like in texture. A very lovely trailing form. Very hardy.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	1.00	9.00	81
15-18 " " "	B&B	1.25	11.20	101
18-24 " " "	B&B	1.50	13.50	122

Juniperus japonica (Japanese Juniper)

Hardy, creeping juniper, foliage sharp, gray green in color. Very desirable for rockeries, terraces, walls and the like. Clings close to the ground but heaps up in large specimens to 12 or 18 inches. Very hardy.

15-18 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	1.25	11.20	101
18-24 " " "	B&B	1.50	13.50	

Juniperus japonica bandai sugi

One of the best dwarf junipers. Vase shaped in habit with long ascending plume like branches nodding at the tips and rich, green, heavily matted foliage. Hardy, dwarf, slow-growing. Unique both in foliage and habit of growth.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	1.00	9.00	-----	-----
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	1.25	11.20	-----	-----
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	1.50	13.50	-----	-----
4- 5 feet four times transplanted.....	B&B	8.00	72.00	-----	-----

Heavy specimens.

Juniperus japonica bandai sugi aurea

One of the best dwarf junipers. Vase shaped in habit with long ascending plume like branches nodding at the tips and rich, golden, heavily matted foliage. Hardy, dwarf, slow-growing. Unique both in foliage and habit of growth. A new aristocrat.

6- 9 inches twice transplanted BR specimens.....		6.80	61
9-12 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	1.25	11.20	101
30-36 inches four times transplanted.....B&B	7.50	67.50	
3- 4 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	9.50	85.50	

The plants in the above grades are fine extra heavy specimens.

Juniperus sabina (Savin Juniper)

A semi spreading, many branched conifer growing to a height of 4 feet, very hardy and with good green color at all seasons of the year.

9-12 inches twice transplanted BR specimens.....	5.40
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.90	8.10

Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel)

Native of the Appalachian mountains. Grows into a compact, symmetrical shrub, densely covered with foliage. Leaves medium size, glossy and unchanging throughout the year. When in bloom the plants are literally bouquets of lovely, cup-shaped flowers, ranging from almost white to deep pink in color on individual specimens. Effective singly or in mass plantings. Height 3 feet or more. Very hardy and very desirable.

	Each	10	100	1000
2- 6 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80
6-12 " " "	16	128
12-15 " " "	28	224
6-12 inches twice transplanted.....	25	200
12-15 " " "	40	320

Kinnikinnick—See Arctostaphylos

Laurel—See Kalmia, Aucuba, Laurocerasus, Ceanothus

Laurocerasus lusitanica (Portuguese Laurel)

A native of Spain and Portugal, Lusitania being the ancient name of the region almost coincident with Portugal. Grows into a tree in the land of its nativity, but farther north reaches the proportions of a fine shrub. Unexcelled among broad leaved evergreens for hedges. The older plants are magnificent when covered with a mass of spikes, 6 inches long, of white, fragrant blossoms in the spring. Dark green, glossy foliage, large leaves. A hardy strong growing plant which stands shearing well. A beautiful shrub especially when planted with other evergreens.

12-15 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.60	5.40
18-24 " " "	B&B	.95	8.60
24-30 " " "	B&B	1.20	10.80
30-36 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	1.40	12.60
5- 6 feet four times transplanted (heavy).....	B&B	4.00	36.00	324
6- 7 " " " "	B&B	5.00	45.00	405

Laurocerasus zabeliana (Zabel Laurel)

Grows 6 to 8 feet high, wide spreading and is covered in the spring of the year with large spikes of white scented flowers. Foliage rich, glossy green little affected by cold or dry weather. Hardier than English or Portugal Laurel. Being hardy, semi-dwarf and a good bloomer it meets a need in landscaping and will unquestionably be used a great deal as it becomes better known. Rare.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.60	5.40
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Leucothoe catesbaei (Drooping Leucothoe)

One of the most ornamental of the broad leaved evergreens. Semi-dwarf and hardy. A good under-cover plant or facer for taller shrubs. Makes fine sprays for florists' use. Large, glossy foliage, turning to gorgeous shades of red and bronze in the fall and winter. White flowers produced in clusters in the early spring. Erect, but with tips of branches drooping.

6-12 inches twice transplanted.....	12	96
12-18 " " "	16	128

Libocedrus decurrens (Western Incense Cedar)

A shapely pyramid in form, with fine, fan-like foliage, that is dense, and a beautiful glossy green. The foliage is also delightfully fragrant. The bark is bright cinnamon-red. Incense Cedar is native Oregon to California and western Nevada. Flourishes on the cold eastern slopes of the Cascade mountains and in dry, rocky soil. A tall growing tree. As an ornamental, they are grown chiefly for their handsome, fragrant evergreen foliage and charming habit of growth. The perfect symmetry of growth from the ground to tip of the tree is a characteristic that places *decurrens* almost in a class by itself, the only other conifer that is comparable being *Sequoia gigantea*.

		Each	10	100	1000
2- 3 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	\$ 1.25	\$11.20	\$ 101	\$
3- 4 " " " "	B&B	1.75	15.80	142
4- 5 " " " "	B&B	2.00	18.00	162
6- 7 " " " "	B&B	3.00	27.00	243
7- 8 " " " "	B&B	3.50	61.50	284
8- 9 " " " "	B&B	4.00	36.00	324
9-10 " " " "	B&B	4.50	40.50	365

Lithocarpus densiflora (Tan Oak)

An evergreen oak, native of southern Oregon, and the only representative of the genus in America. Foliage is very dense with leaves which are green above, rusty underneath and silvery at the tips of branches, producing a russet effect of pleasing beauty. Limbs are long, curving and picturesque. Has a large, rounded top which is as wide as it is tall. Bark has been used for tanning. The great value of the tree is for ornamental use, combining as it does, qualities of stability and beauty in a striking manner. It is in every way a noble tree. Height 70 to 100 feet.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.60	5.40
15-18 " " " "	B&B	.90	8.10
18-24 " " " "	B&B	1.20	10.80	97
2- 3 feet twice transplanted.....	B&B	1.50	13.50

Mahonia nervosa (Longleaf Hollygrape)

Plants grow 12 to 18 inches tall. The leaves which are 12 to 15 inches long are beautifully fern like in form. Flowers are bright golden yellow, followed by bunches of bright blue, grape like fruit. The foliage is dark green turning to most beautiful shades of brilliant red and bronze in the fall. Does well in sun or shade. Thrives under conifers. Very hardy. One of the very best of Oregon's native shrubs.

6-10 inches not transplanted.....	10	80
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Manzanita—See *Arctostaphylos*

Mexican Orange (See *Choisya*)

Mountain Laurel—See *Kalmia*

Myrtle—See *Vinca*, *Umbellularia*

Nandina domestica (Nandina)

A native of the Orient. Characterized by delicate foliage, the long slender leaves being frond-like. It bears large clusters of bright red berries which at times almost cover the tops of the plant. Some of the leaves turn in autumn to attractive shades of red, bronze and scarlet, and some remain green. Height 4 to 5 feet. Good for specimen or mass plantings. One of the finest hardy evergreens grown.

12-15 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.55	5.00	45
15-18 " " " "	B&B	.70	6.30	57
18-24 " " " "	B&B	.90	8.10	73
24-30 " " " "	B&B	1.10	9.90	89
30-36 " " " "	B&B	1.35	12.20	109
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134

Oak—See Lithocarpus

Oregon Grape—See Mahonia

Osteomeles schwerianae (Chinese Bonyberry)

A hardy evergreen shrub with dainty, bright green, fern-like foliage and slender, rigid stems. Flowers like tiny apple blossoms, followed by blue berries. Does well in dry soil and full sun. Has gently weeping habit. Height 6 to 8 feet. A plant which displays real class and refinement. Very rare.

	Each	10	100	1000
2- 6 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80

Periwinkle—See Vinca

Pernettya mucronata (Chilean Pernettya)

RED BERRIED.

Also known as South American Huckleberry. Neat evergreen foliage, white flowers. The shrub reaches a height of 4 feet and a spread of 3 or 4 feet. Native from Mexico to southern South America. Hardy in sheltered positions as far north as New York. An old and almost forgotten garden favorite, but one which is rapidly and deservedly coming into popular favor. All during the fall and early winter the plants are loaded with an astounding mass of large, exceedingly attractive, dark red berries.

4- 8 inches once transplanted.....	12	96
18-24 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	1.25	11.20
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.75	15.80

Photinia glabra (Japanese Photinia)

Upright evergreen shrub to 6 feet or more having very fine ornamental qualities. Leaves of medium size on slender vertical branches. Best known for its brilliant foliage which during most of the year is a showy copper red. Outstanding when seen with other shrubs. Hardy.

4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	8	64
6-12 " " " ".....	12	96
12-24 " " " ".....	16	128
15-18 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.90	8.10
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	1.10	9.90
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90
3- 4 feet twice transplanted.....B&B	2.00	18.00
4- 5 " " " ".....B&B	2.50	22.50

Photinia serrulata (Chinese Photinia)

Native of China. A hardy, rapid growing evergreen with large, dark green, glossy leaves having serrated edges. Without doubt one of the most desirable of all broad leaved shrubs. The tips of the new foliage in spring and summer are fiery red simulating blossoms in appearance when seen at a distance. Its shades of red and crimson are unsurpassed by any evergreen. Medium sized plant which responds well to pruning.

12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.70	6.30	57
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.90	8.10	73
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	1.10	9.90	89
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	1.35	12.20	109
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90	134
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	2.00	18.00	162
4- 5 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	4.00	36.00
5- 6 " " " ".....B&B	5.00	45.00
6- 7 " " " ".....B&B	7.50	67.50
7- 8 " " " ".....B&B	10.00	90.00

The above four grades are composed of extra heavy specimens.

Pinus lambertiana (Sugar Pine)

A columnar form of the English Yew of fine erect form of growth. Compact and full but not quite as narrow as the Irish Yew and having smaller needles. The foliage is dark, rich green and together with the shapely form, sets this tree out in deservedly delightful manner. Very superior for narrow hedges where real quality is desired.

Each	10	100
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where real quality is desired.		Each	10	100	1000
15-18 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	\$ 1.15	\$10.40	\$ 93	\$
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	1.90	17.10	154
30-36 " " ".....	B&B	2.25	20.30	182
3- 4 feet twice transplanted.....	B&B	2.75	24.80	223

A low growing form spreading into a dense mat 6 inches high. Foliage dark green, flowers lavender. Rapid growing, desirable ground cover.

1 year once transplanted.....	8	64
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Native New Brunswick and Manitoba to North Carolina and Illinois. An old, standard favorite. Grows in compact form, narrow pyramid in shape and attaining a height of 60 feet. Withstands low degrees of temperature, makes fine low hedges or taller wind breaks. A tree that has always been justly esteemed.

6-12 inches once transplanted.....	9	72
12-18 " " ".....	12	96
6-12 inches twice transplanted.....	11	88
12-18 inches once transplanted BR hedge grade.....	3.20	28
18-24 " " " " " " ".....	4.50	41
2- 3 feet once transplanted BR hedge grade.....	5.90	53
3- 4 " " " " hedge grade..... B&B 1.00	9.00	81

An exceedingly bright golden form, its rich golden foliage unchanging in color with the seasons. Similar in shape and color to George Peabody Arboretum but much showier. It is full branched, well-formed and of graceful habit. Hardy. Rare.

4- 5 feet three times transplanted (heavy).....B&B	4.50	40.50
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A dwarf of regular form. Foliage upright and grows in thick, heavy layers appearing to be packed together, and of good bright green color. Low growing, a mature tree reaching a height of 2 feet and spread of 3 feet, and presenting an aged appearance. Desirable wherever dwarfs are needed.

4- 6 inches once transplanted..... 10 80

Sometimes called Siberian Arborvitae, which name it bears well because of its ruggedness and adaptability to cold climes. A tree of close, compact, heavy foliage which holds its deep green color of slightly bluish cast throughout the year. Symmetrical and conical in habit of growth. Not too large, being just out of the dwarf group, shapely, desirable for ornamental plantings.

4- 5 feet four times transplanted (Heavy).....B&B	5.00	45.00
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Thuja plicata (Giant Arborvitae)

A native of the northwest, quite generally distributed along the Pacific Coast from Oregon northward and to the westward slopes of the Cascade mountains. The trees are thickly limbed well to the ground except in dense woods, and the foliage is fresh and attractive at all seasons. It is a rapid grower under favorable conditions and grows into a symmetrical pyramid with little or no pruning.

	Each	10	100	1000
5- 6 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	\$ 2.50	\$22.50	\$	\$

Thujaopsis dolabrata (False Arborvitae)

Sometimes called Elk Horn because of the interesting and peculiar shape of the branchlets. It has heavy light green foliage of mottled effect. Pyramidal in form. Of oriental origin and regarded as one of the most beautiful of oriental conifers. Since it is different, it gives an added interest and beauty to garden plantings. Hardy into New England.

15-18 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.75	6.80	61
18-24".....".....".....B&B	1.00	9.00	81

Tsuga canadensis (Canada Hemlock)

Native New Brunswick, Wisconsin and south to Alabama. A well known conifer of graceful, pleasing habit of growth, and regarded by some landscape architects as one of the best of conifers. Perfectly hardy, withstanding low temperature without injury to tree or foliage. Foliage is heavy and attractive, needles are short. Is naturally broadly pyramidal in form but can be grown to a rounded head, and lends itself well to pruning into hedges.

6-12 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
12-18".....".....".....	16	128

Tsuga diversifolia (Japanese Hemlock)

A fine graceful conifer with long, slender, graceful branches which reach out to make a beautifully formed evergreen. Hardy. A handsome specimen tree with an abundance of lustrous foliage.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.75	6.80
15-18".....".....".....B&B	.90	8.10
18-24".....".....".....B&B	1.15	10.40

Tsuga heterophylla (Western Hemlock)

The Western Hemlock is very similar to *Tsuga canadensis*. Grows to about the same form and height and has the same characteristically graceful branch tips. The foliage is slightly heavier with a beautiful luster. It is common in the Coast and Cascade ranges of western United States. Hardy. Like *canadensis* it has splendid ornamental values.

6-12 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
12-18".....".....".....	16	128

Umbellularia californica (Oregon Myrtle) (California Laurel)

A handsome hardy evergreen tree, 25 to 30 feet in height and reaching 75 feet. Native of southern Oregon and northern California where it reaches its greatest perfection of growth along the streams and valleys of the coast range. The tree is conical in form and the leaves are highly aromatic. Well adapted to hedges. Sargent has described the Myrtle as "one of the stateliest and most beautiful inhabitants of North American forests, and no evergreen tree of temperate regions surpasses it in the beauty of its dark dense crown of lustrous foliage."

	Each	10	100	1000
4- 8 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 15	\$ 120
9-12 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B .60	5.40	49
12-15 " " ".....	B&B .75	6.80	61
15-18 " " ".....	B&B .90	8.10	73
18-24 " " ".....	B&B 1.15	10.40	93
24-30 " " ".....	B&B 1.40	12.60

Veronica hectori

A very unusual evergreen with russet green foliage in summer turning to a rich golden color in the winter season. The growth appears in the form of a multitude of symmetrical upright golden spikes, attaining a height of 12 to 15 inches. Makes a fascinating border or low edging plant, and could be used to advantage as a part of almost any low planting. It is a unique type. Hardy.

6- 9 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B .60	5.40
9-12 " " ".....	B&B .75	6.80

Viburnum davidi (David Viburnum)

A dwarf, broad leaved evergreen of great beauty, growing to a height of 2 to 3 feet with a spread of 4 to 5 feet. Leaves large, heavy, dark rich green giving this miniature viburnum an extremely luxuriant effect. Clusters of creamy flowers set in massed foliage. Hardy. Rare. A favorite with those who know it.

9-12 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B .75	6.80
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Viburnum odoratissimum (Sweet Viburnum)

Large, glossy, evergreen leaves, resembling those of English Laurel. In the fall and winter some leaves stay green while others turn to beautiful shades of red, making a lovely combination. Hardy, large growing shrub. Fragrant white flowers.

4- 8 inches once transplanted.....	12	96
8-12 " " ".....	15	120
30-36 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B 2.00	18.00
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B 2.75	24.80

Viburnum tinus lucidum (Shining Laurustinus)

This, like most viburnums, has good foliage. The leaves are evergreen, large and glossy. Strong grower. Large flower clusters in great profusion in late winter. Decidedly a superior variety. Hardy.

4- 8 inches once transplanted.....	10	80
8-12 " " ".....	12	96

Vinca minor (Common Periwinkle)

Also called Blue, Running or Trailing Myrtle. Hardy, evergreen, trailing herb. Native to Europe. Has blue flowers. Well known in country gardens. Makes a complete and refreshing ground cover, and thrives with little or no care.

1 year once transplanted.....	6	48
2 year once transplanted.....	10	80

Wintercreeper—See *Euonymus*

Wintergreen—See *Gaultheria*

Xerophyllum tenax (Pine Lily, Bear Grass, Squaw Grass, or Indian Basket Grass)

A native of the Cascade and Rocky mountains. Grows into a graceful symmetrical bunch in weeping form and might be described as a low fountain in grass, about 18 inches high and 2 to 3 feet across. Out of the center of this grassy bunch grow the tall stems 3 to 5 feet in height and from 1 to as many as 20 in number, crowned with the long creamy-white lily heads of matchless beauty. The leaves which are grass-like are evergreen, and unusual as it may seem, it is an evergreen belonging to the lily family. Mountain slopes and meadows, clad in fields of these lilies are a thrilling picture, which once seen will never be forgotten. The grass is said to have been used by the squaws in early days in weaving baskets. Perfectly hardy, rather slow growing but long-lived. Should be planted in groups, and in the open where it is partially shaded during the day for best results. Will not bloom well if too shaded. The fine bunches of long, silky grass are very ornamental when the lily is not in bloom. A plant with a future, and rare in American gardens.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 96
6-12 inches spread twice transplanted.....B&B	.55	5.00	45
12-18 " " " ".....B&B	.70	6.30	57
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.90	8.10	73
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	1.10	9.90	89
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.35	12.20	109

Yew—See *Taxus*

SPECIAL LINING OUT COLLECTION OFFERED

We have in our nursery numerous varieties in lining out stock in small lots and odd grades not practical to list separately which we are offering at low prices. These are mostly varieties that are listed in the catalog and are all good stock. Both broadleaved evergreens and conifers. None are labeled for size or name. No order accepted for less than 25 of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed. The prices are as follows:

Once transplanted.....	10
Twice transplanted	12
Twice transplanted (Heavy).....	25

SPECIAL B&B COLLECTION OFFERED

We also have odds and ends in B&B stock that we are offering in collections of 10 plants each. These are all good trees and shrubs. All are properly labelled and of excellent value. No order accepted for less than 10 plants of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed.

Collection No. 1 (10 plants—small grade).....B&B	5.00
Collection No. 2 (10 plants—medium grade).....B&B	7.50
Collection No. 3 (10 plants—large grade).....B&B	10.00
Collection No. 4 (10 plants—extra grade).....B&B	15.00

